

What's Real - And What Isn't?

By Linda Rink, President, RINK Consulting. June 2024

Was that article penned by a person – or by Al? Is that photo real, partly manipulated, or completely Al-generated? I recently watched a webinar on how to tell real content from false, and it was truly disturbing because I could not tell which was which!

While there are many AI content detection tools available for text and images, nothing is foolproof right now. (*True confession*: because I don't trust them, I don't use them regularly – at least not yet – and so I can't endorse any of them. However, feel free to check them out yourself; some of the popular ones are <u>GPTZero</u>, <u>TraceGPT</u>, <u>Hive</u>, and <u>Copyleaks</u>.)

So how do you know what to believe?

My advice, as always, is to vet what you find on the internet or other data sources. Follow basic due diligence guidelines – and then apply your own judgement.

Here are six basic questions to ask when vetting information:

- 1) Where did you come across the information? There is obviously a big difference between a New York Times article and a celebrity's Facebook post.
- 2) Is this the original source? If not, it's important to try to find and verify it.
- 3) How reliable is the source? What are the author's credentials?
- 4) **How current is the data?** How was the data obtained?
- 5) **In what context** is the information presented?
- 6) Does the information giver have an agenda or bias?

More than ever, we are living in a world full of misinformation. And unfortunately, because so much of it is designed to influence and/or deceive, we need to be careful about taking at face value information or "facts" that are presented to us.

Do your due diligence, then judge for yourself, and you will be in a better position to separate fact from fiction.

Need help vetting information for your business? Contact me at Irink@LindaRink.com.

